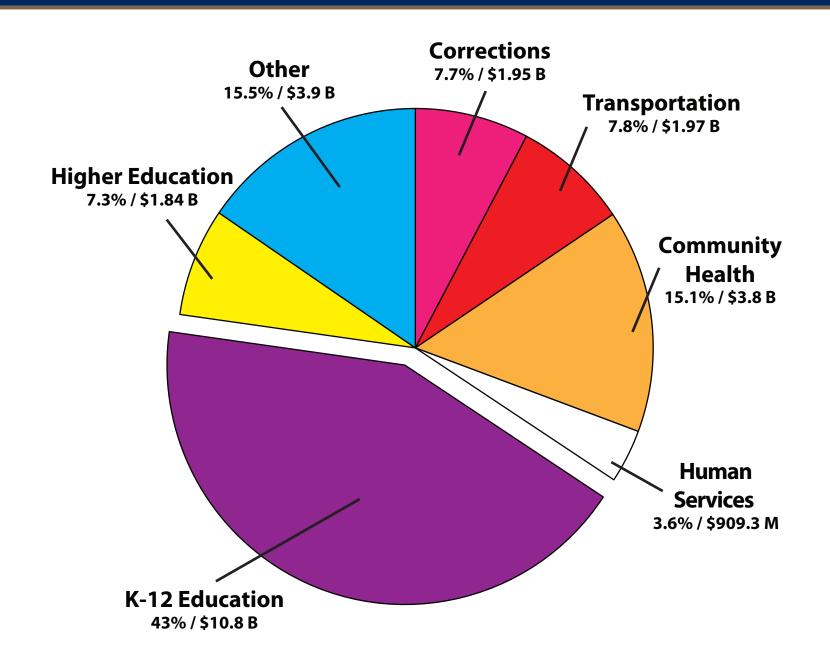


2004-2010 General Fund

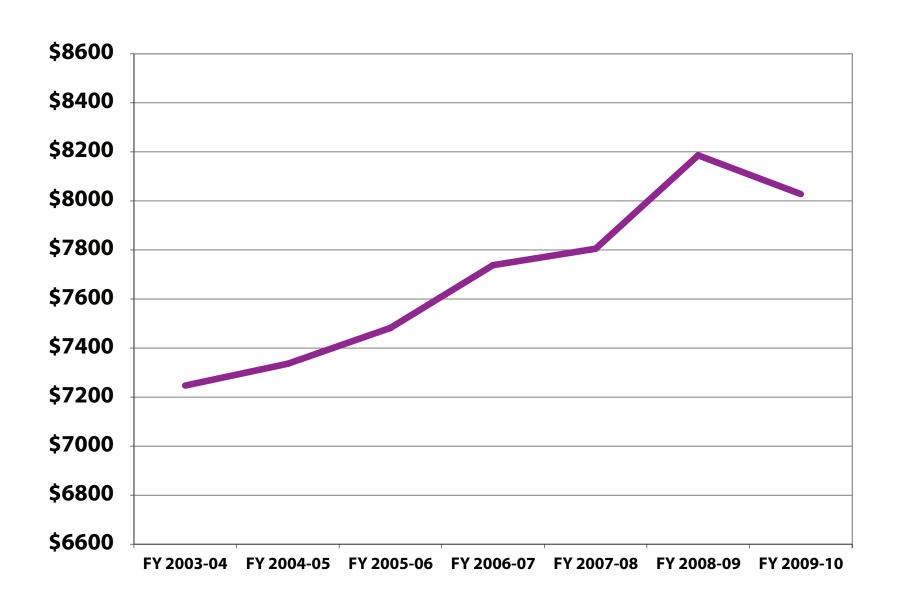
Expenditures vs. Revenues



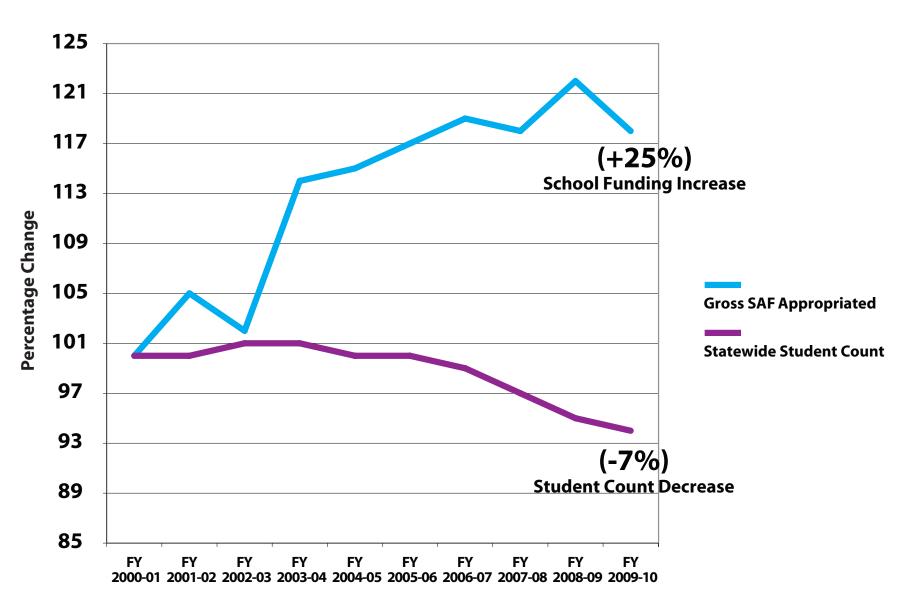
SPENDING PRIORITIES FROM STATE RESOURCES



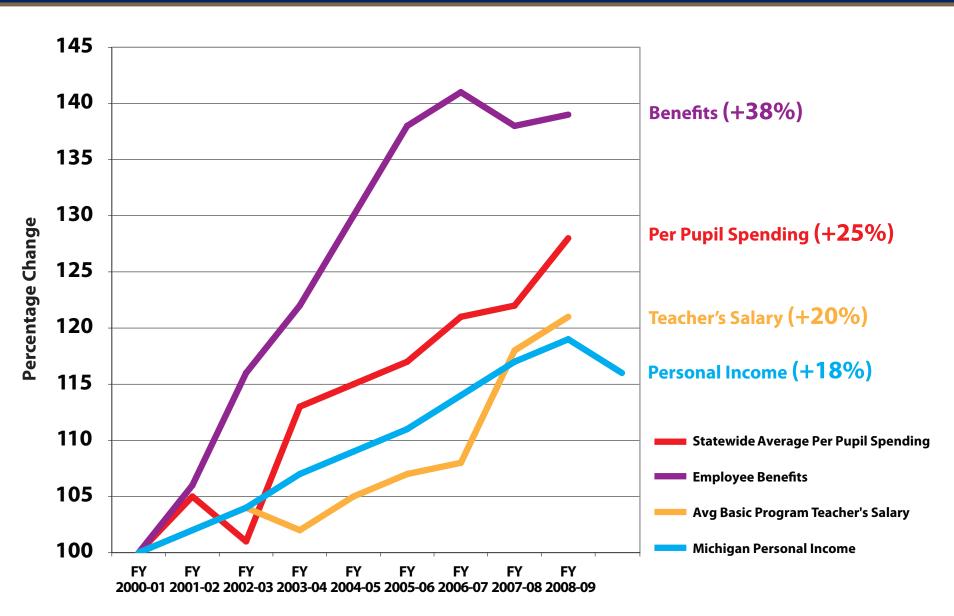
K-12 STATEWIDE AVERAGE SPENDING PER CHILD



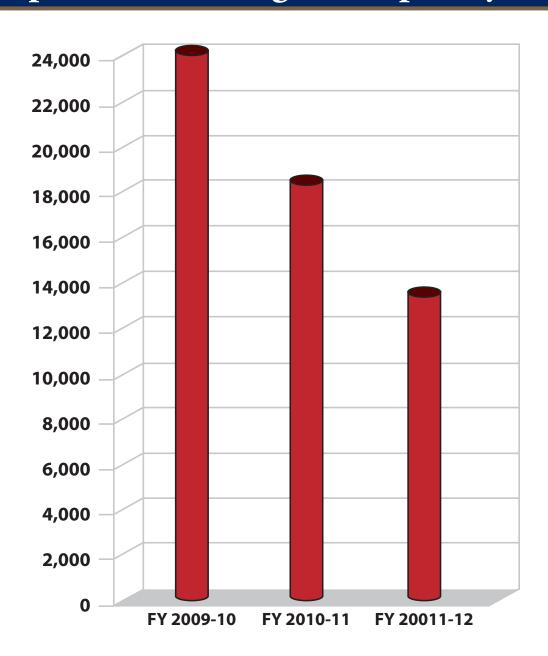
K-12 PUPIL SPENDING INDEX



K-12 COST INDEX



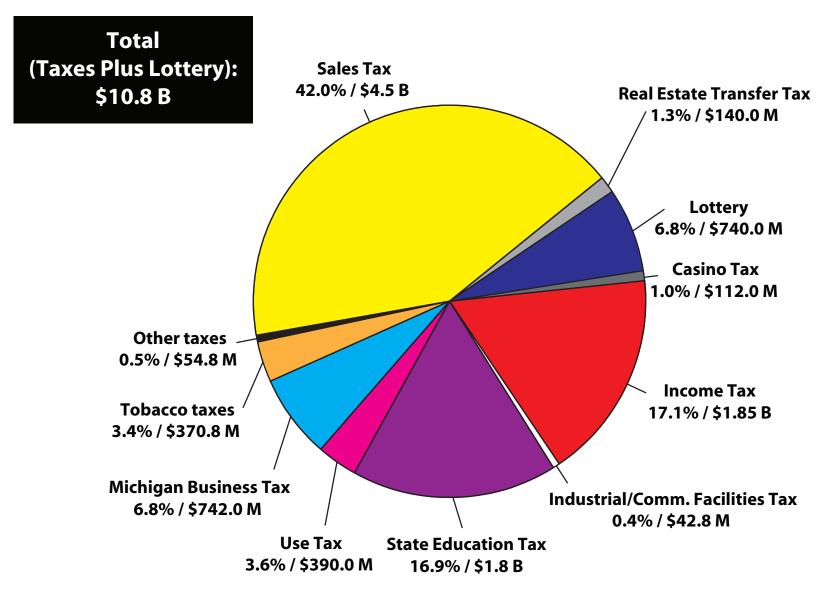
PROJECTED LOSS OF PUPILS STATEWIDE Pupil Losses (change from prior year)



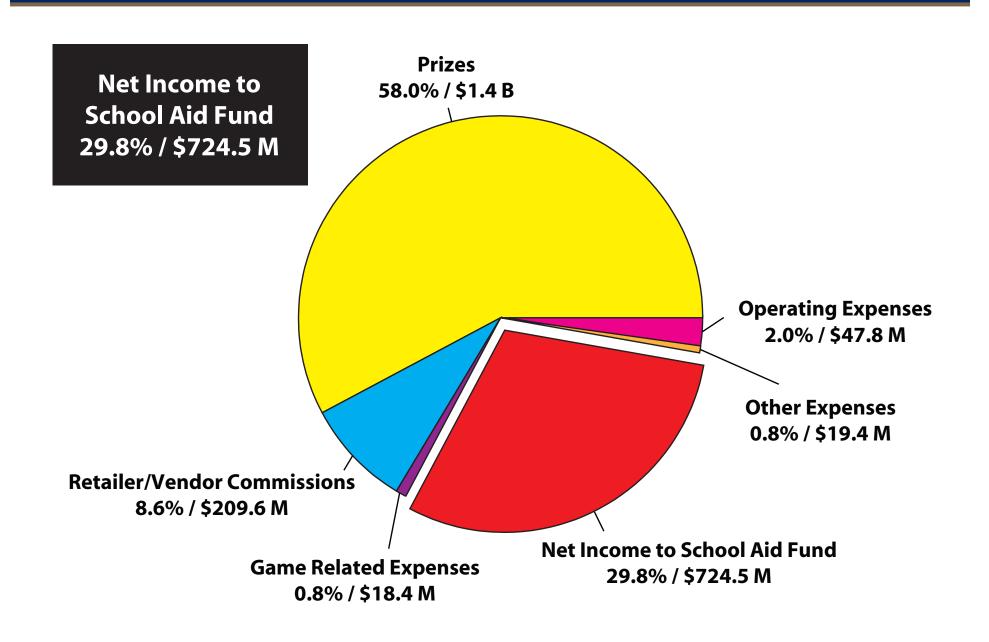
SCHOOL FUNDING — OUR TOP PRIORITY

Budget Area	FY 2002-03 Appropriations	FY 2009-10 Appropriations	Appropriation Percent Change	Participant Percent Change
School Aid	\$11,334,600,000	\$10,771,700,000	-5.0%	-6.8%
Higher Education	\$1,839,400,000	\$1,538,100,000	-16.4%	+4.5%
Local Gov't Revenue Sharing	\$1,250,000,000	\$972,700,000	-22.2%	0%
Human Services	\$1,199,600,000	\$909,300,000	-24.2%	+7.2%
Community Health - Medicaid	\$3,259,400,000	\$3,792,800,000	+16.4%	+40.3%

FY 2010-11 SCHOOL AID FUND REVENUE SOURCES



DISTRIBUTION OF LOTTERY REVENUE



FY 12 STATE BUDGET

General Fund — \$850 M loss of ARRA Funds

SAF —

\$184 M loss of ARRA Funds

(This equates to a reduction of \$117 per student in the Foundation Grant.)

SENATE-PASSED REFORMS

Education Reform - (Race to the Top) Potential \$400 M

- Allowed more high performing charter schools
- Created alternative paths to teacher certification
- Will improve failing schools and teacher effectiveness

School Employee Retirement \$650 M in 2011 — \$3.1 B by 2020

- Addresses next year's school budget by implementing a 3 percent employee contribution.
- Saves jobs by providing an incentive for older teachers to retire rather than force layoffs of lower seniority teachers.

SENATE-PASSED REFORMS

Regulatory Efficiency - \$1.4 B

- Addressed unemployment insurance fraud \$100 M
- Addressed regulatory efficiency to improve business competitiveness
- Reduced corrections per-prisoner spending \$38.2 M
- Balanced FY 2010 budget with cuts \$1.2 B

SENATE-PASSED REFORMS

Local Police & Fire Reforms

- Encouraged cooperation of local police and fire services by removing obstacles to consolidation
- Expedited arbitration process for police and fire (PA 312 reform)

\$70 - 118 M

Lawmaker Healthcare Reform

• Eliminated retirement healthcare for newly retired lawmakers

\$5 M





- K-12 School Spending Reforms
- Public Employee Healthcare Reform
- State Employee Pension Reform
- Government Efficiency Reforms
- Compensation Reform for Public Servants

K-12 School Spending Reforms

a – Reduce administrative costs in order to direct resources to classrooms* \$163 M

b – Require competitive bids for all K-12 non-instructional services (custodial and food services)* \$200-500 M

Total Savings: \$363-663 M

* In Senate Reforms Committee

Public Employee Healthcare Reform

• Caps employers' share of healthcare costs at 80% of current costs.

\$610 M

Total Savings: \$610 M



State Employee Pension Reform

- Asks state employees in the defined benefit plan to contribute 3 percent to their future pension benefits;
- Employees hired since 1997 have enrolled in a defined contribution plan that is not impacted by this reform.

Total Savings: \$80 M

Government Efficiency Reforms

- Reduce number of state departments to 11
- Combine all licensing and permitting under one "Michigan Department of Business Assistance"



Compensation Reform for Public Servants

- 5-percent pay adjustment for all public servants, including legislators
- Constitutional amendment for the November ballot

Total Savings: \$1 B

Please visit our website at www.senate.mi.gov/gop/reforms